Marchand Electronics Inc.

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MB301 300 Watt MOSFET Power Amplifier

500W into 4 Ohm 300W into 8 Ohm



Features

The MB301 is a mono MOSFET power amplifier for high quality audio reproduction. The construction is all heavy-duty. The amplifier is housed in an aluminum chassis. Heatsinks on the side of the unit provide the cooling. Inside is a toroidal power transformer and power supply with large storage capacitors. The amplifier is designed for use with a 4 or 8 Ohm load, but it is stable with any output load.

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XLR Balanced inputs Balanced inputs for high noise immunity

RCA Standard line level inputs

Selector switch Switch between balanced and standard inputs

Phase switch Inverts the phase

Gain Switch Selects between 4 different gain settings

Binding Posts Connection for the loudspeakers

Circuit breaker Protects the amplifier in case of overload
Thermal cutout Protects the amplifier in case it gets too hot
Standard line cord for 120V AC 1-phase operation.

Specifications.

Frequency response:	20Hz - 20KHz +/- 1 dB
Harmonic Distortion @ 1KHz, 10W	0.02% or better
Sensitivity (4 pos switch)	0.775VRMS, 1.28VRMS , 1.83VRMS ,2.44VRMS
Voltage gain	36dB (66X), 32dB(40X), 29dB(28X), 26dB(20X)
Input impedance (RCA)	500 KOhm
Short circuit output current	50A peak, 16A Continuous
Output load	8 or 4 Ohm, stable with any load
Max power output	500W into 4 Ohm, 300W into 8 Ohm
Power requirement	120VAC, 6A breaker; 240 VAC available
Construction	All metal cabinet, black with white legend
Dimensions:	7.75" x 5" x 12.5" (WxHxD)
Weight:	19 lbs

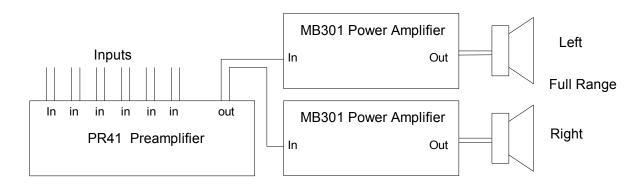


Figure 1 Typical Sound System

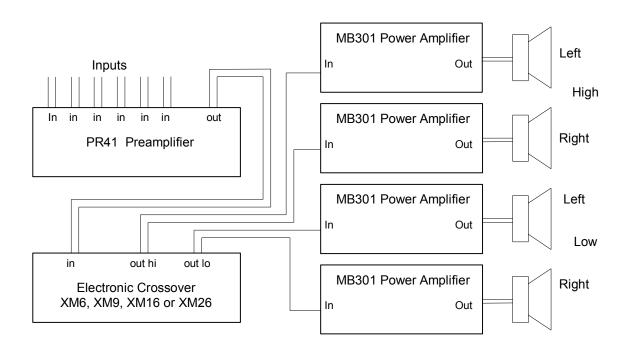


Figure 2 Sound System with 2-way Electronic Crossover Network



Figure 3: Inside view. Note the placement of the MB301 power amplifier board (mounted on heatsink on the side of the unit) and the PS11 power supply board; (mounted onto the bottom of the chassis) . The toroidal power transformer is mounted near the front of the unit on the baseplate.



Figure 4 Rear view of the amplifier.



Figure 5 Inside view of the rear panel.

Assembly Instructions for the MB301 Kit.

Parts list.

Qu.	Description
1	MB301 board Kit, Power Amplifier
1	PS11 Kit, power supply
1	circuit board kit MB301SW
	1 board MB301SW
	4 4.99K 1% MF
	2 7.50K 1% MF
1	MB301 Cabinet
1	500VA power transformer
	55V+55V secondary for class AB
	35V+35V secondary for class A
1	Transformer dish & hardware
1	DPDT AC Power switch
1	XLR connector, female
1	RCA connector, red & black
2	DPDT slide switch
1	DP4T slide switch
1	Dual binding post w. spacer
1	6 A circuit breaker
1	Power entry connector
1	Thermal cutout
5'	AWG22 hookup wire, red
5'	AWG22 hookup wire, orange
5'	AWG22 hookup wire, black
1'	AWG22 hookup wire, green
5'	AWG18 hookup wire, red
5'	AWG18 hookup wire, orange
5'	AWG18 hookup wire, black
1	100 Ohm, 1W resistor
14	solder lug
4	quick disconnect lug
6	8/32 Hex head bolt
6	#8 split lock washer
6	4/40 x 1/2" Machine Screw
6	4/40 lock nut
10	6/32 x 1/4" Machine Screw
4	6/32 x 1/2" Hex Standoff
2	6/32 lock nut
1	heatsink compound
1	line cord

Assembly instructions.

Before assembling the MB301 amplifier complete the assembly of the MB301 power amplifier board and the PS11 power supply board.

Rear panel: Remove the rear panel from the cabinet before starting this assembly. Mount the following parts to the rear panel:

2 DPDT switches using 4/40 hardware.

1 DP4T switches using 4/40 hardware.

1 XLR connectors using 4/40 hardware.

1 RCA connectors, .

1 Pair of binding posts

Circuit breaker using 4/40 hardware.

Power entry module. using 4/40 hardware.

Use Figure 5 as a guide when wiring up above parts according to the wiring diagrams. Place the MB301SW board over the switch terminals. The switch terminals should stick out about 0.1". Do not push in all the way. Solder. The wires going to the binding posts should be twisted. The wires going to the inputs of the MB301 board should be twisted together also. Leave plenty of wire length for those wires going from the rear panel to internal components. They will be trimmed to length later.

Refer to Figure 7 for installing resistors R101 to R106. Note that these resistors are best mounted on the solder side of the circuit board MB301SW. Leave about 0.1" of space between the resistors and the circuit board.

R101	4.99K	1% ,1/4W, Metal Film
R102	4.99K	1% ,1/4W, Metal Film
R103	4.99K	1% ,1/4W, Metal Film
R104	4.99K	1% ,1/4W, Metal Film
R105	7.50K	1% ,1/4W, Metal Film
R106	7.50K	1% ,1/4W, Metal Film

After the assembly is completed the rear panel can be bolted to the rear of the chassis using 6/32 machine screws and locknuts.

Thermal cutout: Mount the thermal cutout onto the base plate of the cabinet using 6/32 hardware.

Power Switch: Install the power switch to the front panel. Leave the front panel off for now. **Important**: The connections to the power switch must not be soldered. Use the quick disconnect lugs provided.

Transformer: Install the toroidal power transformer onto the baseplate of the cabinet near

the front. Use the mounting dish and the two rubber washers. See Figure 6

Wiring note: Use the heavy gauge wire for the AC wiring to and from the power transformer and for the DC power supply wiring from the PS11. Use the smaller gauge wire for all other interconnect.

AC Wiring: Complete the AC wiring according to the wiring diagram. Note the different wiring options for the primary of the power transformer. Run the wires near the edge of the chassis closest to the thermal cutout. Use a length of green wire and a solder lug to install the chassis grounding wire. The solder lug should be placed under one of the 6/32 nuts that hold the rear panel.

PS11 Power supply: Install the power supply next to the power transformer using 4 hex standoffs, as shown in Figure 3.

MB301 power amplifier: Install the board onto the heatsink as shown in Figure 3. Use heat sink compound between the MB301 mounting bracket and the heatsink (this is important!). Use the 8/32 bolts with hex head for this. Use a lock washer with each bolt. Access to the mounting bolts is difficult. Use a long hex-wrench for this. Chassis grounding. Solder the 1000hm, 2W resistor to the remaining solder lug. Solder a length of black wire to the other end of the resistor. Install solder lug under one of the 6/32 nuts of the rear panel. Connect the wire the GROUND connection (terminal marked G of the three position terminal block) of the PS11 power supply board. This will connect the chassis of the amplifier to the DC ground of the power supply.

!!!! Assembly is now complete. !!!!

Initial power up.

Refer to the bias adjustment procedure in the section for assembly of the MB301 board for instructions.

The first time power is applied observe any unusual events, like smoke, etc. Turn the power off immediately if this happens and check for correct construction. It is best to power up initially using a variable power transformer (variac) and observe operation at about half line voltage.

The heatsinks will become warm during normal operation. When the amplifier is powered up but no power is delivered the heatsink should become just slightly warm to the touch. If the become hot in this mode check the bias current of the Mb301 amplifier module.

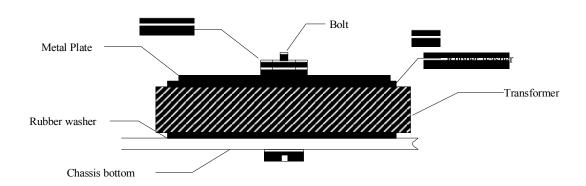
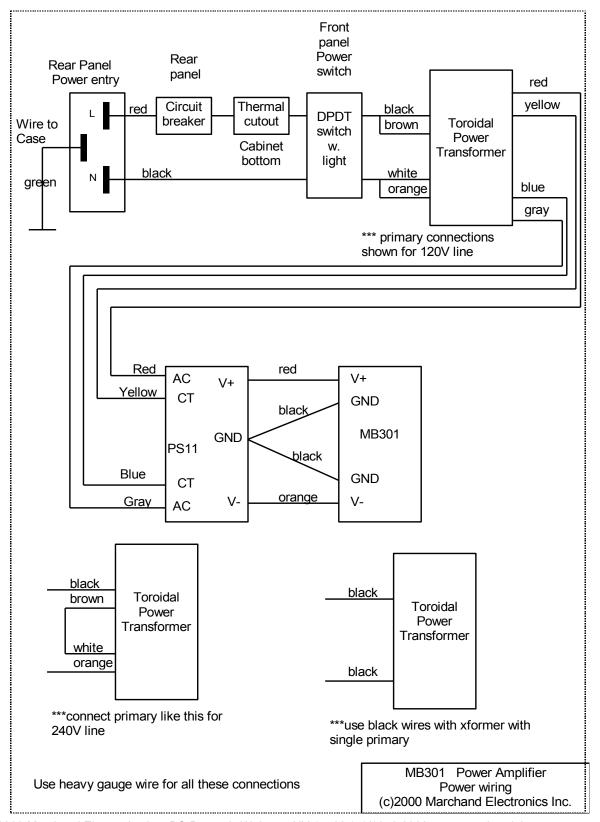
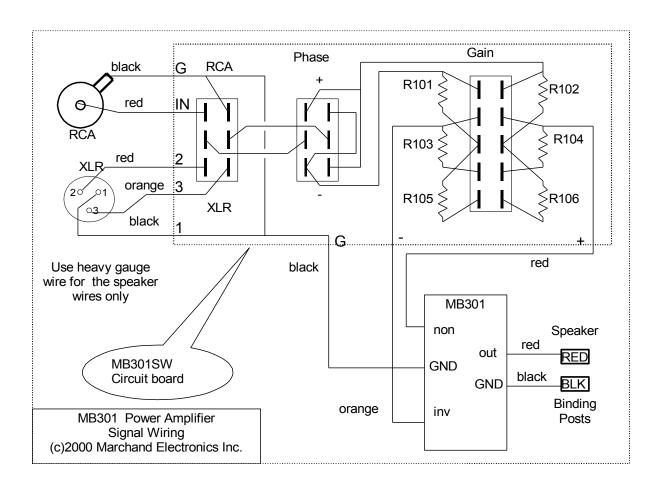


Figure 6: Mounting of power transformer



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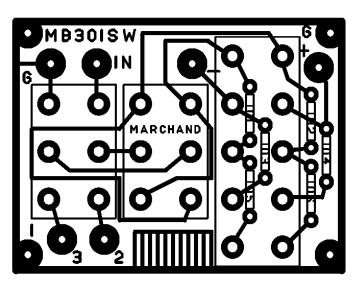


Figure 7 Circuit board layout of MB301SW shows location of resistors R101 ...R106. Resistors are mounted on <u>solder</u> side of the circuit board. The switches are mounted on the component side of the circuit board.

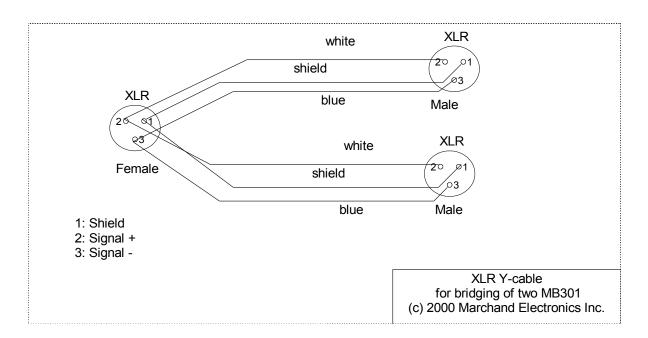


Figure 8 : Y cable is used for bridging of amplifiers with balanced input connection. Set one amplifier to + phase and the other amplifier to – phase. Connect the speaker to the red speaker terminals on each amplifier.

Assembly instructions for the MB301 main amplifier board.

Darta Liat			Capacitors		
		Parts List	C1	1.5uF	Polypropylene
ID	Value	Description	C2 C3	1.5uF 1pF	Polypropylene Ceramic NPO
		Resistors	C4 C5	1pF 0.22uF	Ceramic NPO Stacked Film
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6	100K 100K 7.50K 7.50K not used not used 499K	1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	C6 C7 C8* C9* C10 C11 * 9 pl	2200uf, 80v not used not used	Aluminum Electrolytic Aluminum Electrolytic Aluminum Electrolytic Aluminum Electrolytic
R8 R9 R10	499K 100K 100 Ohm	1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film			Diodes
R11 R12 R13 R14 R15 R16 R17 R18 R20 R21 R22 R23* R24* R25* R26* R27* R28*	100 Ohm 100 Ohm 10.0 Ohm 499 Ohm 499 Ohm 1.00M 49.9 Ohm 49.9 Ohm not used 10 KOhm not used 49.9 Ohm 49.9 Ohm 0.47 Ohm 0.47 Ohm 2.00K 2.00K	Trimmer Potentiometer Trimmer Potentiometer 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film Trim Pot, 10 turn 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 5W Wirewound 5W Wirewound 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11 D12 D13 D14 D15 D16 * UFF	-	6.2 Volt Zener Diode Signal Diode Signal Diode Signal Diode Signal Diode 6.2 Volt Zener Diode 6.2 Volt Zener Diode 6.2 Volt Zener Diode High Efficiency Diode High Efficiency Diode High Efficiency Diode
R30 R31 R32 R33 R34 R35	10.0 Ohm 10.0 Ohm not used not used 10.0 Ohm 10.0 Ohm not used	1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	Q1* Q2* Q3 Q4 Q5	IRF710 IRF710 IRF710 IRF710 IRF710	N-Channel MOSFET N-Channel MOSFET N-Channel MOSFET N-Channel MOSFET N-Channel MOSFET
R36 R37 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 * 8 pla	not used not used not used not used not used 59.0K 59.0K	1% ,1/4W, Metal Film 1% ,1/4W, Metal Film	Q6 Q7 Q8* Q9* Q10 Q11 Q12 Q13 Q14	MTP2P50E MTP2P50E IRF1640 IRF1640 IRF1640 2N2222 2N5087 not used not used	P-Channel MOSFET P-Channel MOSFET N-Channel Power MOSFET P-Channel Power MOSFET N-Channel Power MOSFET NPN transistor PNP transistor NPN transistor

Q15	not used
Q16	not used
Q17	not used
	Q2 come as a matched pair
*Q8	k Q9 8 places each

The MB301 main board kit contains the following parts:

following parts:					
Qu.	Value	Description			
	F	Resistors			
5 19 1 2 16 2 2 3 2 1 2 1 16	10.0 Ohm 49.9 Ohm 100 Ohm 499 Ohm 2.00K 7.50K 59.0K 100K 499K 1.00M 100 Ohm 10 KOhm 0.47 Ohm	1%, 1/4W, Metal Film 1%, 1/4W, Metal Film Trimmer Potentiometer Trim Pot, 10 turn 5W Wirewound			
	C	apacitors			
2 2 1 18 2	1.5uF 1pF 0.22uf. 2200uf, 80v 330uF,25V	Polypropylene NPO Ceramic Stacked Film Aluminum Electrolytic Aluminum Electrolytic			
		Diodes			
4 4 2	1N4735 1N4148 HER102	6.2 Volt Zener Diode Signal Diode High Efficiency Diode			
	Т	ransistors			
1 pair 3 2 9 8	IRF710 IRF710 MTP2P50E IRFI640 IRFI9640 2N2222	N-Channel MOSFET N-Channel MOSFET P-Channel MOSFET N-Channel Power MOSFET P-Channel Power MOSFET NPN transistor			

PNP transistor

2N5087

1

Mechanical

Quantity	Description
1 1 1 17 17 34 17 1 7	3 Pos. Terminal block Blue 2 Pos. Terminal block Black 3 Pos. Terminal block Black 4/40x1/2" Machine Screw 4/40 Nut #4 split lockwasher #4 flat washer Heat Sink Bracket TO220 heatsink Bag Heat Sink Compound MB301 circuit board
7	testpoint

Assembly Instructions

Most parts are installed in the usual way. Insert the part at the location on the circuit board as indicated by the silk screen identification and solder on the solder side of the board. Start with installing smaller parts and install large parts last. This makes installation easiest. The circuit board has plated through holes, so parts need only be soldered on the solder side of the board.

Resistors: The 1% metal film resistors are identified with colored bands in the usual way. The 1% Metal film resistors have the following markings:

- 0					
10.0 Ohm	Brown- Black-Black-GoldBrown				
49.9 Ohm	Yellow-White-White-GoldBrown				
100 Ohm	Brown- Black-Black-Brown				
499 Ohm	Yellow-White-White-BlackBrown				
2.00 K	Red-Black-Black-BrownBrown				
7.5 K	Violet-Green-Red-BrownBrown				
100 K	Brown-Black-Black-OrangeBrown				
499 K	Yellow-White-White -Orange-Brown				
1.00 M	Brown-Black-Black-YellowBrown				
When placing resistors it is recommended to					
double-che	ck each value with a DMM before				
installing.					
double-check each value with a DMM before					

Note that not some resitors are not used even though they are shown on the circuit board. Just leave the location empty.

Warning Resistor R30 is incorrectly labeled as R28. It is located next to resistor R32

The multiturn trimmer resistor R21 should be installed as shown in Figure 9.

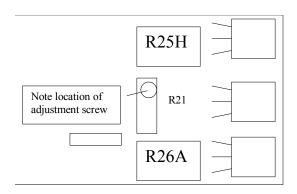


Figure 9 Orientation of R21. This is important.

Note: Resistors R41 and R42. These two resistors are not labeled on the circuit board. They are installed in holes left vacant by unused R20, R31, R22, R32. See Figure 12 for placement.

Capacitors: The Electrolytic capacitors are all radial type or snapfit type. Be **sure** to observe polarity markings when installing.

Diodes: Diodes D1 ... D13 are installed in the usual way. Make sure to observe polarity: the band indicated on the circuit board must coincide with the band on the device.

Transistors: Transistors Q1..7 are installed using a small heatsink each. Slip the transistor into the heatsink and mount on the board. Be careful not to push the transistor into the heatsink too far. The tab should be flush with the heatsink and not ride on top of the stop.

Note that Q1 and Q2 come as a matched pair in a separate bag. Make sure to use these in the locations Q1 and Q2. Install the transistors according to the marking on the circuit board. Make **sure** there is no mistake here.

The 17 power transistors Q8a..h, Q9a..h, and Q10 are installed onto the heat-sink bracket. These TO220 transistors are come in an insulated package, so no additional insulation is required. Apply a thin uniform layer of the white silicone compound on the bottom of the transistor before installing. Install the transistors with the 4/40 screws, split lockwasher and nut. See Figure 10. Orient the screws so that the head of the screw is on the solder side and the nut is on the component side. Solder the three transistor pins only after all the mounting screws have been tightened.

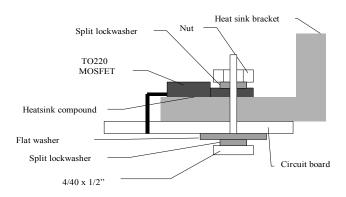


Figure 10 Mounting of power transistors.

Terminal Blocks: Install the 2-pin and 3-pin terminal blocks at the edge of the circuit board.

Testpoints: Install the 4 testpoints at locations TP1, TP2, TP3 and TP4. (Figure 11)

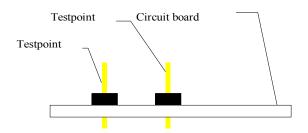


Figure 11 Testpoints

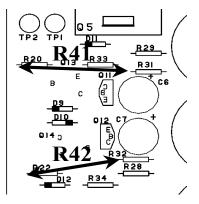


Figure 12 Placement of R41 and R42

Assembly is now complete. Take a few minutes to check all components and orientations. Also make sure there are no solder bridges.

Bias current adjustment (Class AB) .

This section should be completed after the MB301 board has been installed and is connected to the power supply and heatsink.

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The bias current of the amplifier must be adjusted by setting the potentiometers R11 and R21. First turn the potentiometers fully counterclockwise. This will set the bias current to zero.

Connect a DVM or suitable voltmeter between testpoints TP3 and TP4. Turn the power on. If the DMM indicates a voltage of more than a few mV turn the power off **immediately** and check all parts placements. A very safe way to do this step is to use a variac to increase the AC line voltage slowly from zero to full, while observing the DMM. Turn the voltage down as soon as something abnormal is observed.

Connect the DVM or suitable voltmeter between testpoints TP1 and TP2. Adjust R11 for a reading of 0.5 volts.

Connect a DVM or suitable voltmeter between testpoints TP3 and TP4.

Now slowly adjust R21 clockwise until a reading of 15 mV is shown on the DMM. Precise adjustment is difficult. But a value between 10 mV and 20 mV is acceptable. Note that the unit will start heating up a little. The adjustment should be made when cold. When the amplifier is hot, the bias current will change a little. This is normal.

Bias adjustments			
TP1 TP2	0.5 Volt		
TP3 TP4 (class AB)	15 mV		
TP3 TP4 (class A)	75 mV		

Table 1

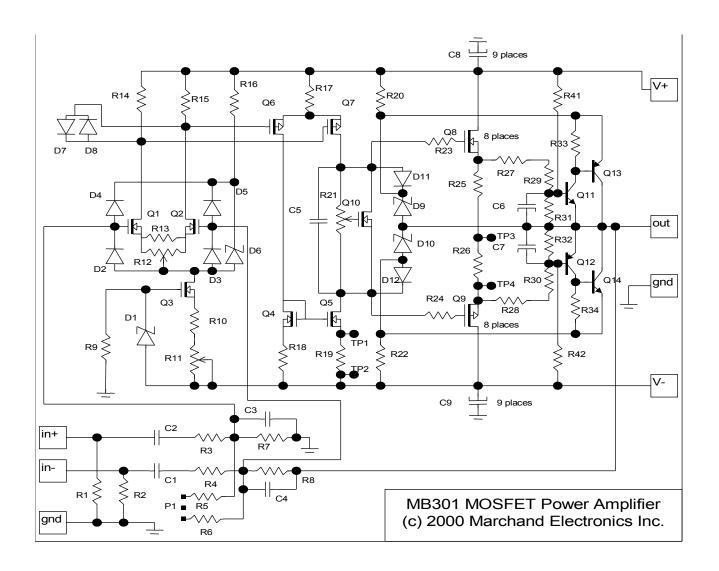
Bias current adjustment (Class A) .

For operation in class A the bias current should be set to a higher value. Proceed as outlined above for the class AB bias and confirm that the amplifier is working properly. After this adjust the bias current to the class A operating point of 75 mV. The amplifier will become quite warm when operating in this mode. This is normal. The heatsinks should still be "touchable". If they become too hot to touch reduce the bias current somewhat.

Offset adjustment.

The offset voltage of the amplifier must be adjusted by setting the potentiometer R12. With no signal applied to the inputs, adjust R12 for minimum DC voltage at the outputs. A residual output voltage of a few mV is normal.

The assembly and adjustment of MB301 is now complete.



MB301 circuit board Packing Labels

3	10.0 Ohm	1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	2	1.5uF	Polypropylene, 250V
19		1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	2	1pF	NPO Ceramic
1		1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	1	0.22uf.	Stacked Film
2		1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	18		Aluminum Electrolytic
16		1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	2		Aluminum Electrolytic
2		1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	4		6.2 Volt Zener Diode
2		1%, 1/4W, Metal Film			
3	100K	1%, 1/4W, Metal Film			Signal Diode
2		1%, 1/4W, Metal Film	2 		High Efficiency Diode
1		1% ,1/4W, Metal Film	1 pair	IRF710	N-Channel MOSFET
2	100 Ohm 10 KOhm	Trimmer Potentiometer Trim Pot, 10 turn	3 2 9 8	IRF710 MTP2P50E IRFI640 IRFI9640	N-Channel MOSFET P-Channel MOSFET N-Channel Power MOSFI P-Channel Power MOSFI
16	0.47 Ohm	5W Wirewound			

2N2222 NPN transistor 2N5087 PNP transistor 1 3 Pos. Terminal block Blue 1 2 Pos. Terminal block Black 2 3 Pos. Terminal block Black testpoint 4/40x1/2" Machine Screw 17 17 4/40 Nut #4 split lockwasher 17 Bag Heat Sink Compound Heat Sink Bracket 1 7 TO220 heatsink

MB301 circuit board